Print date: 01.04.2025

## **Safety Data Sheet**

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 1 of 9

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**EUROBOOR IBP.70** 

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## Use of the substance/mixture

Metal cutting paste

## Uses advised against

No information available.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: EUROBOOR B.V.
Street: Kryptonstraat 110
Place: NL-2718 TD Zoetermeer
Telephone: +31 (0)79 3614990

Contact person: Will Spaninks Telephone: +31 (0)79 2020014

e-mail: w.spaninks@euroboor.com

Internet: www.euroboor.com

 1.4. Emergency telephone
 Carchem: + 44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24h)

 number:
 Netherlands: NVIC 030 274 8888

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

This mixture is not classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

## 2.2. Label elements

## 2.3. Other hazards

Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

#### Chemical characterization

A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 2 of 9

#### **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name				
	EC No	Index No	REACH No		
	GHS Classification	•	•		
73138-44-0	Ester der Montansäuren	(einem Wachssäuregemisch ca. 0	C24-C34)	2.5 - < 5 %	
	914-460-3		01-2119480144-43		
67762-38-3	Fatty acids, C16-18 and	C18-unsatd., Me esters		1 - < 2.5 %	
	267-015-4		01-2119471664-32		
92044-87-6	Fatty acids, coco, 2-ethyl	0.1 - < 1 %			
	295-366-3		01-2119957315-34		
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phospha	nta .		< 0.1 %	
70-42-2	( 3 3 / 1 1	ale .	lo4 0440547575 00	V 0.1 70	
	201-116-6		01-2119517575-36		
118-82-1	lonox 220, 2,2', 6,6'-tetra	< 0.1 %			
	204-279-1		01-2119970557-25		

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

#### **Further Information**

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## **General information**

Seek medical attention if problems persist. No administration in cases of unconsiousness or cramps.

#### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. Move victim to fresh air. Put victim at rest and keep warm.

#### After contact with skin

Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately.

## After contact with eves

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Consult an ophthalmologist.

## After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. In case of swallowing, keep the patient at rest and contact a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential. Treat symptomatically.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 3 of 9

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings. Water fog. Extinguishing powder. Carbon dioxide.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-flammable. In case of fire may be liberated:

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Carbon monoxide

Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Additional information**

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically. Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Large quantities remove mechanically

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Disposal: see section 13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Dicrect contact with skins avoid.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Further information on handling

High slip hazard because of leaking or spilled product.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity

Recommended storage temperature: 5-40 °C

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 4 of 9

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Do not store with strong oxidizing agents.

Maximum period of storage (time): 3 Years

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Paste Metal working fluids

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Additional advice on limit values

Does not contain substances above concentration limits fixing an occupational exposure limit. To date, no national critical limit values exist.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls



#### Protective and hygiene measures

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Use personal protection equipment as per Directive 89/686/EEC.

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye protection/face protection. Use glasses or face shield if there is a risk of splashing.

### **Hand protection**

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Protect skin by using skin protective cream. Wear protective gloves if advisable under safety aspects.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Gloves of appropriate material (i.e. nitrilic rubber, specification: penetration time: level 6, >480 min., thickness 0.9-1 mm; CE-certified acc. EN 374 cat III)

## Skin protection

Chemical resistant safety shoes. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product. Set out skin protection guidelines.

## Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Metal cutting paste

Colour: golden
Odour: characteristic

Test method

pH-Value: not determined

Changes in the physical state

Melting point: not determined

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 5 of 9

Initial boiling point and boiling range: not determined

Flash point: not applicable ASTM D 92

**Flammability** 

Solid: not determined
Gas: not applicable
Lower explosion limits: not determined
Upper explosion limits: not determined

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Solid: not determined Gas: not applicable

Decomposition temperature: not determined

**Oxidizing properties** 

Not oxidising.

Vapour pressure: not determined

(at 20 °C)

Density (at 15 °C): 1,0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Viscosity / dynamic: not determined

Viscosity / kinematic: not determined ASTM D445

(at 40 °C)

Evaporation rate: not determined

9.2. Other information

Solid content: not determined

No information available.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with: Oxidizing agents.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: heat.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

The following must be prevented: Oxidizing agents, strong. acid.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products: none

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 6 of 9

## **Acute toxicity**

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method		
73138-44-0	Ester der Montansäuren	Ester der Montansäuren (einem Wachssäuregemisch ca. C24-C34)						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Ratte		OECD 401		
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Ratte		OECD 402		
67762-38-3	Fatty acids, C16-18 and	Fatty acids, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., Me esters						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rat				
92044-87-6	Fatty acids, coco, 2-ethy	lhexyl esters						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rat				
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate							
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rat		OECDV 401		
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	>447	Rat				

## Additional information on tests

No risks worthy of mention. Practical experience.

The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

The classification was undertaken in accordance with the calculation method governed by the Preparations Directive (1999/45/EC).

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method	
73138-44-0	Ester der Montansäuren (einem Wachssäuregemisch ca. C24-C34)							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	>10000	96 h	Zebrabärbling	OECD 203		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 10000	48 h	Daphnia magna		OECD 202	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 10000	) mg/l)		Belebtschlamm		OECD 209	
92044-87-6	Fatty acids, coco, 2-ethylhexyl esters							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 2000	96 h	Brachydanio rerio			
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 100	_	Desmodesmus subspicatus			
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	101 mg/l	96 h	Oryzias latipes (Ricefish)		OECD 203	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Product is not easily biodegradable.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 7 of 9

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Method	Value	d	Source		
	Evaluation					
73138-44-0	Ester der Montansäuren (einem Wachssäuregemisch ca. C24-C34)					
	OECD 301 D	22%	28			
	Potentiell teilweise biologisch abbaubar					
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate					
	OECD 301B	0%	28			
	Product is not easily biodegradable.					

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
73138-44-0	Ester der Montansäuren (einem Wachssäuregemisch ca. C24-C34)	2
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate	>6,26

#### BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
78-42-2	tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp)	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

in delivery condition: Metal cutting paste

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

## Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Advice on disposal

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

## Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

## Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 8 of 9

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: no

14.6. Special precautions for user

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **EU** regulatory information

2010/75/EU (VOC): 0% 2004/42/EC (VOC): 0,0%

National regulatory information

Water contaminating class (D): 1 - slightly water contaminating

**Additional information** 

Commodity code: 3403 1990

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,15.

## Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

### **Further Information**

The information is based on present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurances of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **EUROBOOR IBP.70**

Revision date: 01.04.2025 Product code: 1852 Page 9 of 9

adhering to existing laws and regulations. The information is based on present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurances of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)